

What is the Hazard Communications Standard? What is a Material Safety Data Sheet ((M)SDS)? Do I need to use an (M)SDS? Which chemicals require an (M)SDS? Which substances do not require an (M)SDS? Do p

- Date of preparation/update of the (M)SDS
- Name, address and telephone number of the chemical manufacturerx

(M)SDS are required for all drugs defined under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act except for drugs in solid, final form for direct administration to the patient (i.e., tablets, pills, capsules).

measures ("do not use near open flame"), but this information is provided voluntarily and is not required by the rule.

- Labels must be legible, with required information appearing in English and other languages understood by employees. Labels should be prominently displayed on the container. There are no specific requirements for size or color, or any specified text.
- If employees transfer chemicals into a secondary container, this container must also be labeled as indicated above with the following exceptions:
- If the employee who transfers the chemical into the secondary container will use ALL of it during that work shift and before leaving the work area, the container does not have to be labeled.
- If the container will not leave the work area, the label is required to have the identity and hazard warning but does not need the manufacturer's name and address.

As part of the Written Hazard Communication Program, OSHA requires employers to maintain a list of the hazardous chemicals